

Implementing data fitting in MATLAB

See codes posted under today's date on website, and Ch. 3 of 301.pdf!!!!

load data

```
% Load the data
load linefit.dat
x=linefit(:,1);
y=linefit(:,2);
figure(1)
set(gca,'FontSize',20)
plot(x,y,'o')
legend('Raw Data')
```

Define a list of points at which you'd like to plot the fitted function

```
% These are the points we would like to interpolate to
xp=0:0.1:7;
```

Get polynomial coefficients for least-squares line, $p_1(x) = a_1x + a_0$

```
% Polynomial fits -- LEAST SQUARES  
clin=polyfit(x,y,1);
```

```
clin =    0.830757023627601    2.138914031581835
```

First entry is a_1 , second is a_0

Use these coefficients to get the list of interpolated values y_p

```
yp=polyval(clin, xp);
```

Repeat the process for an order 2 polynomial least-squares fit, and plot.

```
clin2=polyfit(x,y,2);  
yp2=polyval(clin2, xp);
```

```
figure(2),  
set(gca,'FontSize',20)  
plot(x,y,'o', ...  
      xp,yp,'m', xp,yp2,'g')  
legend('Raw Data','Least Squares Line','Least Squares 2nd order polyn
```

Use polyinterp for polynomial interpolation that crosses through all NDATAPOINTS, VIA LAGRANGE POLYNOMIALS

```
ypn=polyinterp(x,y, xp);  
figure(3),  
set(gca,'FontSize',20)  
plot(x,y,'o', xp,ypn,'m')  
legend('Raw Data','Poly interpolation via Lagrange')
```

Compute root-mean-squared error for the Least-squares line and least-squares order 2 polynomial fit

```
% Error  
E_2_1 = sqrt( 1/length(x) * sum( abs(y-polyval(cclin,x)).^2) )  
E_2_2 = sqrt( 1/length(x) * sum( abs(y-polyval(cclin2,x)).^2) )
```

Piecewise interpolation

```
yint=interp1(x,y,xp); % Linear functions
yspline=spline(x,y,xp); % Cubic functions (splines)
figure(4),
set(gca,'FontSize',20)
plot(x,y,'o',...
      xp,yint,'m',xp,yspline,'k')
legend('Raw Data','Linear Interpolation','Spline interpolation')
```

Nonlinear least-squares fit, to a gaussian function.

First, plot data

```
load gaussfit.dat
x2=gaussfit(:,1) ;
y2=gaussfit(:,2) ;
figure(5),
set(gca,'FontSize',20)
plot(x2,y2,'o')
legend('Raw Data')
```

Define a list of points at which you'd like to plot the fitted function

```
xga=-3:0.1:3;
```

Write a function `gafit.m` that computes the summed error as a function of the unknown coefficients A and B in the function $f(x) = A \exp(-Bx^2)$

(note, this is not the same as root-mean-squared (E_2) error, but minimizing it has the same effect, as discussed in class)

Parameters A and B are grouped into a row vector `x0` here

```
function y=gafit(x0)

load gaussfit.dat
x=gaussfit(:,1);
y=gaussfit(:,2);

sum=0;
for j=1:length(x)
    sum=sum+ ( x0(1)*exp(-x0(2)*x(j)^2) ...
              -y(j) )^2 ;
end
y=sum;
```

Find the A and B that minimize this error, plot the resulting least-squares fit

```
coeff=fminsearch('gafit',[1 1]);  
a=coeff(1); b=coeff(2) ;  
yga=a*exp(-b*xga.^2);  
figure(6),  
set(gca,'FontSize',20)  
plot(x2,y2,'o',xga,yga,'m')  
legend('Raw Data','Gaussian nonlinear least-squares fit')
```